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### Patent Search

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#### Abstract:

The present invention relates to an intelligent risk assessment system for predicting cyber threats in healthcare networks using reinforcement learning. The system n network traffic in real-time, extracts features indicative of potential threats, and uses a deep reinforcement learning model to predict and categorize cybersecurity risk system dynamically adapts to emerging threats and minimizes false positives through continuous learning. It provides actionable alerts and recommendations, ensur integrity, confidentiality, and availability of healthcare data and services

### Complete Specification

Description: The present invention relates to an intelligent risk assessment system for predicting cyber threats in healthcare networks using reinforcement learning. The system monitors network traffic in real-time, extracts features indicative of potential threats, and uses a deep reinforcement learning model to predict and categorize cybersecurity risks. The system dynamically adapts to emerging threats and minimizes false positives through continuous learning. It provides actionable alerts and recommendations, ensuring the integrity, confidentiality, and availability of healthcare data and services. Claims: 1. An intelligent risk assessment system for predicting healthcare cyber-attacks using reinforcement learning, comprising:

- o a data acquisition module to monitor and collect network traffic data from healthcare infrastructure;
  - o a preprocessing and feature extraction engine to convert traffic data into structured features;
  - o a deep reinforcement learning-based threat prediction engine configured to evaluate risk and predict potential cyber-attacks in real-time;
  - o an alert generation module to notify administrators upon detection of suspicious activity;
  - o and a feedback loop mechanism for continuous learning and model adaptation.
2. The system of claim 1, wherein the reinforcement learning model comprises a deep Q-network (DQN) or actor-critic model tailored for healthcare network behavior.
  3. The system of claim 1, wherein the feature extraction engine identifies behavioral indicators such as protocol anomalies, device communication patterns, and device frequencies.
  4. The system of claim 1, wherein the feedback loop utilizes outcomes of administrator actions and threat mitigation success to refine the model's reward function.
  5. The system of claim 1, wherein the system is operable on-premises, in cloud environments, or as a hybrid deployment for securing distributed healthcare networks.

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