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	Patent Search	
Invention Title	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BASED AUTOMATIC HEALTHCARE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR DETECTION AND PREVENTION OF PANCREAUSING MULTI DETECTOR COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY, IMAGE PROCESSING AND MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS	
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Inventor		
Name	Address	Country
Ramesh Naidu Balaka	Professor, Information Technology, Aditya Institute of Technology and Management. Srikakulam district, Tekkeli, Andhra Pradesh-532201, India.	India
Awadhesh Kumar Verma	Assistant professor, Aryabhatt Institute of Technology Delhi Skill and Entrepreneurship University (DSEU) Govt. of NCT Delhi, Special Centre for Nanoscience, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi- 110067, India	India
C.Meena	Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences Tirupati Andhra Pradesh, India	India
Dr.S.Shanmuga Priya	Assistant Professor Department of Computer Science and Engineering SRM Institute Of Science And Technology Tiruchirappalli Campus Tiruchirappalli Tamilnadu	India
Napa Supriya	Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences, Tirupati Andhra Pradesh India	India
G Mahesh Kumar	Assistant professor, Department of Chemistry Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad Telangana	India
Dr. Venkata Harshavardhan Reddy Dornadula	Director and Advisor, Department of Research & Development , Om Kalyana Charitable Society, 108, V.V. Plaza, Reddy & Reddy Colony, Tirupati- 517501, Andhra Pradesh India	India

Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, St. Joseph's College of Engineering, OMR Chennai

Medical Oncologist, Department of Medical Oncology Consulting, SVICCAR Sri Venkateswara Institute of Cancer Care &

Advanced Research, Alamelu Charitable Foundation by TATA Trusts, Alipiri to Zoo Park Road, Tirupati Andhra Pradesh India President, Department of Administration, Om Kalyana Charitable Society, 108, V.V. Plaza, Reddy & Reddy Colony, Tirupati-

Applicant

K. Sudha

Dr. Lakshmi Sandhya. S

Chinthamani Jhansi

119. Tamil Nadu India

517501, Andhra Pradesh India

Name	Address	Country
Ramesh Naidu Balaka	Professor, Information Technology, Aditya Institute of Technology and Management. Srikakulam district, Tekkeli, Andhra Pradesh-532201, India.	India
Awadhesh Kumar Verma	Assistant professor, Aryabhatt Institute of Technology Delhi Skill and Entrepreneurship University (DSEU) Govt. of NCT Delhi, Special Centre for Nanoscience, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi- 110067, India.	India
C.Meena	Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences Tirupati Andhra Pradesh, India.	India
Dr.S.Shanmuga Priya	Assistant Professor Department of Computer Science and Engineering SRM Institute Of Science And Technology Tiruchirappalli Campus Tiruchirappalli Tamilnadu	India
Napa Supriya	Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences, Tirupati Andhra Pradesh India	India
G Mahesh Kumar	Assistant professor, Department of Chemistry Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad Telangana	India
Dr. Venkata Harshavardhan Reddy Dornadula	Director and Advisor, Department of Research & Development , Om Kalyana Charitable Society, 108, V.V. Plaza, Reddy & Reddy Colony, Tirupati- 517501, Andhra Pradesh India	India
K. Sudha	Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, St. Joseph's College of Engineering, OMR Chennai 119. Tamil Nadu India	India
Dr. Lakshmi Sandhya. S	Medical Oncologist, Department of Medical Oncology Consulting, SVICCAR Sri Venkateswara Institute of Cancer Care & Advanced Research, Alamelu Charitable Foundation by TATA Trusts, Alipiri to Zoo Park Road, Tirupati Andhra Pradesh India	India
Chinthamani Jhansi	President , Department of Administration, Om Kalyana Charitable Society, 108, V.V. Plaza, Reddy & Reddy Colony, Tirupati-517501, Andhra Pradesh India	India

Abstract:

Artificial Intelligence based Automatic Healthcare Management system for detection and Prevention of Pancreatic Cancer using Multi detector Computed Tomograph processing and Machine Learning algorithms ABSTRACT: Pancreatic cancer exhibits the highest mortality rate among diseases, as seen by a mere 11% five-year overa rate. Patients with pancreatic cancer who receive an early screening diagnosis have a median overall survival period of around ten years, in contrast to a median surv 1.5 years for those who do not undergo early screening. Hence, the timely identification and prompt intervention of pancreatic cancer hold significant importance. Not pancreatic cancer is a challenge due to its rarity, which results in expensive screening costs. Additionally, the current tumor markers lack sufficient accuracy, and the confirmation of treatment options remains uncertain. Artificial intelligence technology has the potential to facilitate early diagnosis by efficiently identifying high-risk groups using means such as medical imaging, pathological examination, biomarkers, and other relevant factors. This can aid in the timely detection of pancreatic cancer lesions. Simultaneously, the utilization of artificial intelligence algorithms can also facilitate the prediction of survival duration, recurrence likelihood, metastatic potential, and efficacy, all of which have a significant impact on the overall prognosis. Moreover, artificial intelligence (AI) is extensively employed in the management of pancreatic crecords, the estimation of medical imaging parameters, and the development of computer-aided diagnosis systems, among other applications. The successful impler AI applications in the field of pancreatic cancer necessitates a collaborative endeavor involving doctors, basic scientists, statisticians, and engineers. Despite certain lis significant computational capabilities of this technology are expected to be essential in addressing the challenges associated with pancreatic cancer in the near future

Complete Specification

Description: DESCRIPTIONS

Pancreatic cancer (PC) is considered one of the most lethal and aggressive malignancies affecting the gastrointestinal tract. This particular kind of cancer has earned moniker of the 'king of cancer' owing to its highly aggressive nature, propensity for invasion and quick spread to distant sites, as well as its unfavorable survival rate prognosis. In recent years, there has been a notable increase in the prevalence of pancreatic cancer worldwide. This rise has been predominantly attributed to varid factors including advanced age, alcohol consumption, tobacco use, a sedentary lifestyle, obesity, chronic pancreatitis, diabetes, genetic predisposition, prolonged exto environmental pollutants in air and water, as well as an unhealthy diet and lifestyle. Surgical procedures have traditionally served as the primary treatment strate individuals in these patient populations. Nevertheless, the disease has been primarily identified at advanced stages because to the lack of distinct clinical signs and molecular markers, rendering surgical interventions useless. Hence, the timely identification and precise classification of different stages of pancreatic cancer play a role in enhancing therapy efficacy. The diagnosis of pancreatic cancer poses significant challenges due to the anatomical characteristics of the pancreas, which is loc deep within the retroperitoneal space and is surrounded by intricate structures. The pancreas is surrounded by a highly vascularized environment, which enables the cancer cells to metastasize quickly, contributing to the aggressive nature of pancreatic cancer. Pancreatic cancer commonly presents with a range of symptoms, included abdominal discomfort, alterations in fecal consistency, nausea, bodily bloating, co-occurring conditions such as diabetes and jaundice, altered liver function parame and weight loss, among others. Typically, these symptoms manifest prominently alone in the later stages of the disease and are frequently overlooked in its first ph Moreover, it should be noted that serolo

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