Patent Search

Invention Title	Enhanced Mathematical Model for Predicting Turbulent Magnetohydrodynamics Flow Patterns in Industrial Applications
Publication Number	35/2023
Publication Date	01/09/2023
Publication Type	INA
Application Number	202341055678
Application Filing Date	19/08/2023
Priority Number	
Priority Country	
Priority Date	
Field Of Invention	COMPUTER SCIENCE
Classification (IPC)	G06F0111100000, G06Q0010040000, G06T0007000000, G06F0030200000, B05C0005020000

Inventor

Name	Address	Country
Dr. Dudekula Dastagiri Babu	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Rajeev Gandhi Memorial College of Engineering and Technology, Nandyal, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode: 518501	India
Dr. Palle Kiran	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Chaitanya Bharathi Institute of Technology, Gandipet, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, Pincode: 500075	India
Mr. Prashant S Sutkar	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, NES Science College, Nanded, Maharashtra, India, Pincode: 431605	India
Dr. Manjula S.H.	Associate Professor, Department of Mathematics, Vignan Foundation for Science, Technology and Research (Deemed to be University), Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode: 522213	India
Dr. Nellore Manoj Kumar	Independent Researcher, Infinite Research, Founder and CEO, 15-225, Gollapalem, Venkatagiri, Tirupati District, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode: 524132	India
Mrs. Durgadevi Mulagapati	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, CH. S. D. St. Theresa's College for Women (A), Eluru, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode:534001	India
Dr. Nidhi Mishra	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Pt. Harishankar Shukla Smriti Mahavidyalaya, Raipur, Chhattisgarh, India, Pincode: 492001	India
Dr. M. Mary Jansi Rani	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, SRM-Institute of Science and Technology (Deemed to be University), Irungalur, Trichirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India, Pincode: 621105	India
Mrs. Nagadurga Sathavalli	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, CH. S. D. St. Theresa's College for Women (A), Eluru, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode: 534001	India
Mr. P. Shiva Kumar	Assistant Professor, Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, Pincode: 500043	India

Applicant

Name	Address	Country
Dr. Dudekula Dastagiri Babu	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Rajeev Gandhi Memorial College of Engineering and Technology, Nandyal, Andhra Pradesh, India, Pincode: 518501	India
Dr. Palle Kiran	Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Chaitanya Bharathi Institute of Technology, Gandipet, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, Pincode: 500075	India
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Mr. P. Shiva Kumar	Assistant Professor, Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, Pincode: 500043	India

Abstract:

An enhanced mathematical model is presented, specifically designed for predicting turbulent magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) flow patterns in industrial applications. principles of fluid dynamics and magnetohydrodynamics, this model aims to provide a comprehensive tool that addresses challenges posed by turbulent flows unde influences. The model boasts adaptability across a wide range of conditions, including varying temperature gradients, fluid properties, and magnetic field intensities, aptly suited for industries from metallurgy to advanced propulsion systems.

Complete Specification

Description:The present invention pertains generally to the field of fluid dynamics and magnetohydrodynamics (MHD). More specifically, the invention relates to an enhanced mathematical model designed to predict turbulent MHD flow patterns, with a particular focus on its applications in various industrial processes and syste This enhanced model seeks to address the complexities and intricacies of turbulent flows in the presence of magnetic fields, facilitating improved understanding, cc and optimization of MHD-related processes in industries such as metallurgy, energy production, and advanced propulsion systems, among others.
Background of the invention:
The study of fluid dynamics has been a critical component of scientific and engineering advancements for centuries. At its core, fluid dynamics seeks to understand behavior of fluids, whether they be liquids or gases, in motion. As industries evolved, so did the need to understand more complex fluid behaviors, leading to the exploration of phenomena like turbulence. Turbulence, characterized by chaotic and unpredictable flow patterns, presents significant challenges in both understan prediction.
Parallel to the evolution of fluid dynamics was the study of electromagnetic fields and their interactions with various materials. This convergence of fields led to the magnetohydrodynamics (MHD), a discipline that examines the behavior of electrically conducting fluids in the presence of magnetic fields. As the name suggests, M combines principles of both magnetism and fluid dynamics.
With the advent of the industrial age and the subsequent technological revolution, the importance of MHD became even more pronounced. Several industries bega employing processes where conducting fluids, like molten metals, needed to be manipulated and controlled. For instance, the metallurgical industry often deals wit casting and shaping of molten metals, a process that can benefit immensely from the precise control afforded by magnetic fields. Similarly, the energy sector saw n

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