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Abstract:

The Indian agricultural sector accounts for 13.9% of India's gross domestic product (GDP) and employs just a little less than 54.6% of the country's workforce. The Department of Agriculture and Cooperation under the Ministry of Agriculture is the nodal organization responsible for the development of the agriculture sector in India. The purpose of the study is to understand the status of Indian agriculture sector, various kinds of challenges, and obstacles in front of farmers, agro industry and governments for the development of agriculture in critical uncontrollable environments, also to know various Government initiatives, investments, policies for the development of agriculture and role of agriculture in Indian economy. This has led to not only commercialization and diversification, but also triggered various technological and institutional innovations owing to investment in the sector. Agriculture is the most important occupation for most of the Indian families. Over 58% of the rural households depend on agriculture as their principal means of livelihood. Agriculture, along with fisheries and forestry, is one of the largest contributors to the Gross Domestic Product (GDP). In India, agriculture contributes about 16% of total GDP and ten percent (10%) of total exports. Over 60 % of India's land area is arable making it the second largest country in terms of total arable land. Agriculture has registered impressive growth over last few decades. The food grain production has increased from 51 million tonnes (MT) in 1950-51 to 250MT during the highest ever since independence. The agricultural products of significant economic value include rice, wheat, potato, tomato, onion, mangoes, sugar-cane, beans, cotton, etc.

Complete Specification

Description: The share of the sector in total GVA of the economy has a long-term trend of around 18 per cent.

The share of the agriculture & allied sector in total GVA, however, improved to 20.2 per cent in the year 2020-21 and 18.8 per cent in 2021-22.

Share of primary (comprising agriculture, forestry, fishing, and mining & quarrying), secondary (comprising manufacturing, electricity, gas, water supply & other utilities, services, and construction), and tertiary (services) sectors have been estimated as 21.82 percent, 24.29 percent, and 53.89 percent.

At previous methodology, the composition of Agriculture & allied, Industry, and Services sector was 51.81%, 14.16%, and 33.25%, respectively at current prices in 1999-00. Share of Agriculture & allied sector has declined at 18.20% in 2013-14. Share of Services sector has improved to 57.03%. Share of Industry sector has also increased to 24.77%.

Agriculture (15.4%), Industry (23%), and Services (61.5%). With the production of agriculture activity of \$375.61 billion, India is 2nd largest producer of agriculture products in the world. India accounts for 7.39 percent of total global agricultural output.

India is way behind China, which has \$991 bn GDP in the agriculture sector. GDP of the Industry sector is \$560.97 billion, and world rank is 6. India's world rank is 10th in the Services sector, and its GDP is \$1500 billion.

The Agriculture sector's contribution to the Indian economy is much higher than the world's average (6.4%). The industry and services sector's contribution is lower than the world's average 30% for the Industry sector and 63% for the Services sector.

Agriculture being a State subject, the State Government is primarily responsible for the growth and development of agriculture sector and developing perspective policies for their respective States and ensuring effective implementation of the programmes/schemes. However, Government of India supplements the efforts of the State Governments.

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