Authors

Dr. P. Koteswara Rao Professor Department of Freshman Engineering Institute of Aeronautical Engineering College Dundigal, Hyderabad -500043

**Dr. Rizwana** Professor Department of Freshman Engineering Institute of Aeronautical Engineering College Dundigal, Hyderabad -500043



All rights reserved. No part of this publication which is material protected by this copyright notice may be reproduced or transmitted or utilized or stored in any form or by any means now known or hereinafter invented, electronic, digital or mechanical, including photocopying, scanning, recording or by any information storage or retrieval system, without prior written permission from the **Publisher**.

Information contained in this book has been published by **StudentsHelpline Publishing House (P) Ltd. , Hyderabad** and has been obtained by its Authors from sources believed to be reliable and are correct to the best of their knowledge. However, the Publisher and its Authors shall in no event be liable for any errors, omissions or damages arising out of use of this information and specifically disclaim any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for any particular use.

COPYRIGHT REGISTRATION DIARY NUMBER: 5634/2019-CO/L

#### **Spectrum Publications, Hyderabad**

A Part of StudentsHelpline Publishing House (P) Ltd. (An ISO 9001 : 2015 Certified Company)

#### Head Office

# 326/C, III Floor, Surneni Nilayam

Near B K Guda Park, S R Nagar, Hyderabad - 500 038, INDIA P.No:+91 40 23710657, 238000657 Fax: +91 40 23810657

### Reg. Off

# 5-68, Pedda Gorpadu, Pakala, Tirupati, Chittoor - 517 112 AP, INDIA mail:studentshelpline.in@gmail.com www.studentshelpline.org

### © Spectrum Publications, Hyderabad

First Edition-2019

ISBN 978-93-88289-05-8

- 280/- Student Edition
- 480/- Library Edition with HB

Printed at StudentsHelpline Group, S R Nagar, Hyderabad-38 Published by Surneni Mohan Naidu for Spectrum Publications, Hyderabad - 38

### Module-I: Quantum Mechanics

Introduction to Quantum physics, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, De-Broglie's hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Davisson and Germer experiment, Timeindependent Schrodinger equation for wave function, Born interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems- particle in a box.

### Module-II: Introduction to Solids and Semiconductors

Free electron theory, Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential, Kronig- penney model (Qualitative treatment), Origin of energy bands. Types of electronic materials: Metals, Semiconductors, and Insulators; Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors, Carrier concentration, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier- Concentration and Temperature, Hall effect.

Module-III: Light - Semiconductor Interaction

Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Direct and indirect band gaps, p-n junction, V-I characteristics, Energy Band diagram, Biasing of a junction.

Photo voltaic effect, Construction and working of LED, Photo detectors, PIN, Avalanche photodiode, Solar cell.

### Module-IV: Engineered Electric and Magnectic Materials

Polarisation, Permittivity, Dielectric constant, Internal field in solids, Clausius Mosotti equation, Ferroelectricity, Piezoelectricity, Pyroelectricity, Magnetisation, Permeability, Susceptibility, Classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment, Domain theory of ferro magnetism on the basis of hysteresis curve.

### Module-V: Lasers and Fiber Optics

Characteristics of a Lasers, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation, Metastable State, Population Inversion, Lasing Action, Ruby laser, Semiconductor diode laser and Applications of a lasers, Principle and Construction of an optical fiber, Acceptance Angle, Numerical Aperture, Types of Optical Fibers (Single Mode, Multimode, Step Index, Graded index). Attenuation in Optical Fibers, Optical Fiber Communication System with block diagram.

	Module-I: Quantum Mechanics	
1.0	Aims and Objectives	2
1.1	Introduction to Quantum physics	2
1.2	Quantum Mechanics	3
1.3	Basic Postulates of Quantum Mechanics	3
1.4	Black body radiation	3
1.5	Planck's law	6
1.6	Photoelectric Effect	8
	1.6.1 Characteristics of the Photoelectric Effect	9
1.7	Einstein's Photoelectric Equation	10
1.8	Laws of Photoelectric Effect	11
1.9	Applications of Photoelectric Effect	12
1.10	Compton Effect	12
1.11	Matter waves and particles	16
	1.11.1 Comparison of Wave and Particle	17
1.12	De-Broglie Hypothesis of Matter Waves	17
	1.12.1 De-Broglie Wavelengths in Particular Cases	20
	1.12.2 Solved Problems	22
	1.12.3 Applications of De-Broglie Matter Waves	29
	1.12.4 Properties of Particles (Matter Waves)	29
1.13	Phase and group velocities	30
	1.13.1 Phase Velocity	30
	1.13.2 Group Velocity	31
	1.13.3 Group Velocity of De-Broglie Waves	33
	1.13.4 Relation between Group Velocity and Phase Velocity	35
1.14	Wave-particle duality	36
		3/11

Daviss	on and Germer Experiment	36
Wave I	Function	40
1.16.1	Time-independent Schrodinger Equation for Wave Function	41
1.16.2	Schrodinger Time Dependent Wave Equation	43
1.16.3	Schrodinger Time-Independent Equation from Time Dependent	
	Schrodinger Wave Equation	45
Eigen I	Functions, Eigen Values	46
Interpr	etation of the Wave Functions	48
1.18.1	Born Interpretation of Wave Function $\psi$	48
Physic	al Significance of Wave Function	52
Particle	e in One-Dimensional Box	53
1.20.1	Solved Examples	55
Applic	ations of Quantum mechanics	58
Summa	ary	59
Review	v Questions	59
Multip	le Choice Questions	61
	Module-II: Introduction to Solids and Semiconductors	
Aims a	nd objectives	66
Introdu	ction	66
Classic	al Free Electron Theory	67
2.2.1	Assumptions (or) Salient Features Classical Free Electron Theory	68
2.2.2	Success of Classical Free Electron Theory	69
2.2.3	Drawbacks of Classical Free Electron Theory (CFET)	69
2.2.4	Failures of Classical Free Electron Theory	70
2.2.5	Quantum Free Electron Theory	70
2.2.5	Success of Quantum Free Electron Theory (QFET)	71
Bloch'	s theorem for particles in a periodic potential	73
Kronig	- penney model (Qualitative treatment)	75
Bondin	g	79
	<ul> <li>Wave H</li> <li>1.16.1</li> <li>1.16.2</li> <li>1.16.3</li> <li>Eigen H</li> <li>Interpring</li> <li>1.18.1</li> <li>Physice</li> <li>Particle</li> <li>1.20.1</li> <li>Applice</li> <li>Summa</li> <li>Review</li> <li>Multip</li> <li>Aims a</li> <li>Introdue</li> <li>Classice</li> <li>2.2.1</li> <li>2.2.2</li> <li>2.2.3</li> <li>2.2.4</li> <li>2.2.5</li> <li>Bloch's</li> <li>Kronig</li> </ul>	Eigen Functions, Eigen Values Interpretation of the Wave Functions 1.18.1 Born Interpretation of Wave Function ↓ Physical Significance of Wave Function Particle in One-Dimensional Box 1.20.1 Solved Examples Applications of Quantum mechanics Summary Review Questions of Quantum mechanics Summary Review Questions Multiple Choice Questions Module-II: Introduction to Solids and Semiconductors Aims and objectives Introduction Classical Free Electron Theory 2.2.1 Assumptions (or) Salient Features Classical Free Electron Theory 2.2.2 Success of Classical Free Electron Theory 2.2.3 Drawbacks of Classical Free Electron Theory 2.2.4 Failures of Classical Free Electron Theory 2.2.5 Quantum Free Electron Theory

			ix
2.18	Hall E	ffect	116
2.17	Carrie	r Generation and Recombination	111
2.16	Condu	ctivity of a Semiconductor	110
	2.15.4	Fermi Level in P-type Extrinsic Semiconductor	108
	2.15.3	Fermi Level in p-Type Semiconductor	108
	2.15.2	Fermi Level in n- Type Semiconductor	107
	2.15.1	Fermi Level in Intrinsic Semiconductor	105
2.15	Fermi	level in a Semiconductor having Impurities	105
2.14	Charge	e Densities in a Semiconductor	103
2.13	Donor	and Acceptor Impurities	101
2.12	Carrie	r Concentration of Extrinsic p-type Semiconductor	99
2.11	Carrie	r Concentration of an Extrinsic n-type Semiconductor	97
2.10	Carrie	r Concentration with Temperature in an Intrinsic Semiconductor	95
2.9	Densit	y of Holes of an Intrinsic Semiconductor	93
2.8	Densit	y of Electrons in an Intrinsic Semiconductors	92
	2.7.8	Majority and Minority Carriers in P and N Type Materials	90
	2.7.7	Differences between N-type and P-type Semiconductors	90
	2.7.6	Differences between Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors	90
	2.7.5	Classification of Extrinsic Semiconductor	88
	2.7.4	Classification of Semiconductor Materials	87
	2.7.3	Insulators	86
		2.7.2.2 Properties of Semiconductors	86
		2.7.2.1 Energy Band Diagram of Semiconductors	85
	2.7.2	Semiconductor	84
	2.7.1	Conductors (Metals)	83
2.7	Types	of Electronic Materials	83
	2.6.1	Energy Band Theory	82
2.6	Origin	of energy bands formation in solids	82
	2.5.1	Differences between Ionic, Covalent and Metallic Bonds	81

2.19	Solved	Problems	120
2.20	Applic	ations	128
2.21	Summa	ary	128
2.22	Review	v Questions	129
2.23	Multip	le Choice Questions	130
		Module-III: Light - Semiconductor Interaction	
3.0	Aims a	nd Objectives	134
3.1	Introdu	iction	134
3.2	Carrier	Transport: Diffusion and drift	134
3.3	Direct	and Indirect band Gaps	137
3.4	PN Jur	iction	138
3.5	Qualita	ative Theory of P-N Junction	139
	3.5.1	Depletion Region	141
	3.5.2	Barrier Potential	142
	3.5.3	Energy Band Diagrams of PN Junction	143
3.6	PN Ju	nction as a Diode	147
3.7	No Bia	as across the P-N Junction $(V_D = 0V)$	149
3.8	Biasing	g p-n junction	150
	3.8.1	P-N Junction with Forward Bias $(V_D > 0V)$	151
	3.8.2	P–N Junction with Reverse Biased $(V_D < 0V)$	152
3.9	Voltage	e-Current (v-i) Characteristics of Diode	153
3.10	Law of	Junction	154
3.11	Diode	Current Equation (No Derivation)	155
3.12	Applic	ations of PN Junction Diode	158
3.13	Photov	voltaic Cell	158
	3.13.1	Advantages and Disadvantages of Photo-voltaic Cells	160
	3.13.2	Applications of Photo-voltaic Cells	161
3.14	Light-I	Emitting Diodes (LEDs)	161
	3.14.1	Advantages and Disadvantages of LED	163

	3.14.2 Applications of LED	164
3.15	Photodetectors	165
	3.15.1 Photoconductive Cell	165
	3.15.2 Photo diode	167
	3.15.2.1 Photo Diode Characteristics	169
	3.15.2.2 Modes of Operation	170
	3.15.2.3 Dark Current	170
	3.15.3 Photo Transistor	170
	3.15.3.1 Advantages and Disadvantages of Phototransistor	173
	3.15.3.2 Applications of Phototransistor	174
3.16	Types of Photodiodes	174
3.17	PIN Photodiode	176
3.18	Avalanche Photodiode	178
	3.18.1 Applications of Photodiode	179
	3.18.2 Advantages and Disadvantages of Photo Diode	179
	3.18.3 Performance Parameters of a Photodiode	179
3.19	Solar Cell	180
	3.19.1 Application of Solar Cells	181
3.20	Problems	181
3.21	Summary	182
3.22	Review Questions	182
3.23	Objective Type Questions	184
	Module-IV: Engineered Electric and Magnectic Materials	
4.0	Aims and Objectives	188
4.1	Introduction	188
4.2	Dielectrics	188
4.3	Fundamental Definitions	189
4.4	Permittivity of Dielectric Materials	196
4.5	Dielectric Polarization	197
		xi

4.6	Molecular Polarizability	198
4.7	Polar Molecule	198
4.8	Types of Polarizations	199
4.9	Solved Problems	205
4.10	Internal Field	209
4.11	Mathematical Expression for Energy Absorbed	212
4.12	Clausius Mossoti Equation	213
4.13	Dielectric Loss	215
4.14	Applications of Dielectric Materials	217
4.15	Ferroeletrics	218
4.16	Piezoelectricity	219
4.17	Pyroelectricity	221
4.18	Solved Problems	224
4.19	Magnet and Its Properties	229
4.20	Important Properties of Magnetic Materials	230
	4.20.1 Solved Problems	235
	4.20.2 Comparison between Electro and Permanent Magnet	237
4.21	Origin of Magnetic Moment	237
4.22 N	Magnetic Materials-Classification	239
	4.22.1 Diamagnetic Materials	240
	4.22.2 Paramagnetic Materials	244
	4.22.2.1 Paramagnetism of Diamagnetic Material	245
	4.22.3 Ferromagnetic Materials	247
	4.22.3.1 Ferromagnetism of Diamagnetic Material	249
	4.22.4 Ferrimagnetic Materials	250
	4.22.5 Anti ferromagnetic Materials	252
	4.22.6 Comparison of Magnetic Materials	253
4.23	Domain Theory of Ferromagnetic Material	254
4.24	Hysteresis Loop	256
xii		

4.25	Hysteresis Curve for Ferromagnetic Materials	258
4.26	Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials	260
	4.26.1 Comparison of Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials	262
4.27	Effect of Temperature on Magnetism	263
4.28	Curie Point	263
4.29	Applications of Magnetic Materials	263
4.30	Summary	264
4.31	Review Questions	264
4.32	Multiple Choice Questions	266
	Module-V: Lasers and Fiber Optics	
5.0	Aims and Objectives	272
5.1	Introduction	272
5.2	Characteristics of a Laser	273
5.3	Ordinary Light and Laser Light	275
5.4	Principle and Production of lasers	275
	5.4.1 Absorption of Laser	276
	5.4.2 Spontaneous Emission	277
	5.4.3 Stimulated Emission	278
5.5	Comparison of Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission	279
5.6	Metastable State	279
5.7	Population Inversion	280
5.8	Laser Action	282
5.9	Einstein Co-efficients	282
5.10	Active Medium	285
5.11	Pumping	285
5.12	Pumping Level Schemes	286
5.13	Classification of LASERS	287
	5.13.1 Ruby Laser	287

	5.13.2 Helium-Neon Gas Laser (He-Ne Gas Laser)	290
	5.13.3 Comparison of Ruby and He-Ne Laser	292
5.14	Semiconductor diode laser	293
5.15	Applications of Lasers	297
	5.15.1 Laser Welding	299
	5.15.2 Cutting	300
	5.15.3 Drilling	300
5.16	Solved Problems	301
5.17	Construction of Optical Fibers	304
	5.17.1 Features of Optical Fibers	305
	5.17.2 Principle and Working of an Optical Fiber	305
	5.17.3 Total Internal Reflection	306
	5.17.4 Acceptance Angle and Numerical Aperture	307
5.18	Types of Optical Fibers	309
	5.18.1 Step Index Fiber	312
	5.18.2 Graded Index Fibers	313
	5.18.3 Differences between Single and Multi-mode Fibers	314
	5.18.4 Differences between Step Index and Graded Index Fibers	315
5.19	Optical Fiber Communication System	315
5.20	Attenuation in Optical Fibers	316
5.21	Applications of Optical Fibers	319
	5.21.1 Fiber Optics in Medicine	319
5.22	Advantages of Optical Fibers	320
5.23	Solved Problems	320
5.24	Summary	324
5.25	Review Questions	325
5.26	Multiple Choice Questions	326