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INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

B.Tech III Semester End Examinations (Regular), February – 2021

Regulation: IARE–R18

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Time: 3 Hours

(EEE)

Max Marks: 70

Answer any Four Questions from Part A

Answer any Five Questions from Part B

PART – A

1. Explain the number systems in detail with suitable examples. [5M]
2. Discuss the operation of parity checker and generator. [5M]
3. Write the characteristic equations of SR, JK, D and T flip-flops. [5M]
4. Explain the specifications of A/D and D/A converters. [5M]
5. Differentiate programmable array logic and programmable logic array. [5M]
6. Perform the subtraction using 1's complement method.
 - i) $(11010)_2 - (10000)_2$
 - ii) $(1000100)_2 - (1010100)_2$ [5M]
7. Explain the working of 2 to 4 decoder and also implement a 2 to 4 decoder using 1 to 2 decoders. [5M]
8. Explain how a serial shift register can be transformed into a ring counter. [5M]

PART – B

9. Explain what do you mean by error detection and correcting code with examples. [10M]
10. Solve the canonical SOP form of the following functions
 - i) $Y(A, B) = A + B$
 - ii) $Y(A, B, C, D) = AB + ACD$ [10M]
11. Identify all the prime implicants and essential prime implicants for a given function using k-map.
 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15)$. [10M]
12. Design a 4 bit BCD to excess 3 code converter. Draw the logic diagram. [10M]
13. Write short notes on shift register? Mention its application along with the serial transfer in 4-bit shift registers? [10M]
14. Explain the JK flip-flop with the help of truth table and timing waveforms. [10M]

15. Describe the operation of A/D converter with a neat circuit diagram using voltage to frequency method. [10M]
16. Discuss weighted resistor converter and R-2R ladder D/A converter with a suitable diagram. [10M]
17. Compare logic families of CMOS, TTL and ECL with their specifications. [10M]
18. Realizing the following Boolean function using PLA
1. $f_1(x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 5, 7, 10, 14)$,
 2. $f_2(x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0) = \sum m(1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13)$ [10M]

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