INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad – 500043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

List of Laboratory Experiments

PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY								
Course Code	**Category**	**Hours / Week**			**Credits**	**Maximum Marks**		
ACSC02	**Foundation**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**	**CIA**	**SEE**	**Total**
		0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
Contact Classes: Nil	**Tutorial Classes: Nil**	**Practical Classes: 36**				**Total Classes:36**		
Branch: CSE	**Semester: I**	**Academic Year: 2020-21**				**Regulation: UG20**		

Course overview:

This course introduces students to writing computer programs. This course presents the principles of structured programming using the Python language, one of the most increasingly preferred languages for programming today. Because of its ease of use, it is ideal as a first programming language and runs on both the PC and Macintosh platforms. However, the knowledge gained in the course can be applied later to other languages such as C and Java. The course uses iPython Notebook to afford a more interactive experience. Topics include fundamentals of computer programming in Python, object-oriented programming and graphical user interfaces.

Course objectives:

The students will try to learn:

1. Acquire programming skills in core Python.
2. Acquire Object-oriented programming skills in Python.
3. Develop the skill of designing graphical-user interfaces (GUI) in Python.
4. Develop the ability to write database applications in Python.
5. Acquire Python programming skills to move into specific branches - Internet of Things (IoT), Data Science, Machine Learning (ML), Artificial Intelligence (AI) etc.

Course outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1 Demonstrate the basic concepts of python programming with the help of data types, operators, expressions, and console input/output.
CO2 Make use of control statements for altering the sequential execution of programs in solving problems.
CO3 Demonstrate operations on built-in container data types (list, tuple, set, dictionary) and strings
CO4 Illustrate operations and applications on strings with the help of built-in functions.
CO5 Solve the problems by using modular programming concepts through functions.
CO6 Identify object-oriented programming constructs for developing large, modular and reusable real-time programs.

WEEK NO	EXPERIMENT NAME	CO
WEEK – I	**OPERATORS** a. Read a list of numbers and write a program to check whether a particular element is present or not using membership operators. b. Read your name and age and write a program to display the year in which you will turn 100 years old. c. Read radius and height of a cone and write a program to find the volume of a cone. d. Write a program to compute distance between two points taking input from the user (Hint: use Pythagorean theorem)	**CO1**
WEEK – II	**CONTROL STRUCTURES** a. Read your email id and write a program to display the no of vowels, consonants, digits and white spaces in it using if…elif…else statement. b. Write a program to create and display a dictionary by storing the antonyms of words. Find the antonym of a particular word given by the user from the dictionary using while loop. c. Write a Program to find the sum of a Series 1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + 4/4! +…….+ n/n!. (Input: n = 5, Output: 2.70833) d. In number theory, an abundant number or excessive number is a number for which the sum of its proper divisors is greater than the number itself. Write a program to find out, if the given number is abundant. (Input: 12, Sum of divisors of 12 = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 6 = 16, sum of divisors 16 > original number 12)	**CO2**
WEEK – III	**LIST** a. Read a list of numbers and print the numbers divisible by x but not by y (Assume x = 4 and	**CO3**

	y = 5). b. Read a list of numbers and print the sum of odd integers and even integers from the list.(Ex: [23, 10, 15, 14, 63], odd numbers sum = 101, even numbers sum = 24) c. Read a list of numbers and print numbers present in odd index position. (Ex: [10, 25, 30, 47, 56, 84, 96], The numbers in odd index position: 25 47 84). d. Read a list of numbers and remove the duplicate numbers from it. (Ex: Enter a list with duplicate elements: 10 20 40 10 50 30 20 10 80, The unique list is: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 80])	
WEEK – IV	**TUPLE** a. Given a list of tuples. Write a program to find tuples which have all elements divisible by K from a list of tuples. test_list = [(6, 24, 12), (60, 12, 6), (12, 18, 21)], K = 6, Output: [(6, 24, 12), (60, 12, 6)] b. Given a list of tuples. Write a program to filter all uppercase characters' tuples from given list of tuples. (Input: test_list = [("GFG", "IS", "BEST"), ("GFg", "AVERAGE"), ("GfG",), ("Gfg", "CS")], Output : [('GFG', 'IS', 'BEST')]). c. Given a tuple and a list as input, write a program to count the occurrences of all items of the list in the tuple. (Input: tuple = ('a', 'a', 'c', 'b', 'd'), list = ['a', 'b'], Output: 3)	**CO3**
WEEK – V	**SET** a. Write a program to generate and print a dictionary that contains a number (between 1 and n) in the form (x, x*x). b. Write a program to perform union, intersection and difference using Set A and Set B. c. Write a program to count number of vowels using sets in given string (Input: "Hello World", Output: No. of vowels: 3) d. Write a program to form concatenated string by taking uncommon characters from two strings using set concept (Inpu : S1 = "aacdb", S2 = "gafd", Output : "cbgf").	**CO3**
WEEK – VI	**DICTIONARY** a. Write a program to do the following operations: i. Create a empty dictionary with dict() method ii. Add elements one at a time iii. Update existing key's value iv. Access an element using a key and also get() method v. Deleting a key value using del() method b. Write a program to create a dictionary and apply the following methods: i. pop() method ii. popitem() method iii. clear() method c. Given a dictionary, write a program to find the sum of all items in the dictionary. d. Write a program to merge two dictionaries using update() method.	**CO3**
WEEK – VII	**STRINGS** a. Given a string, write a program to check if the string is symmetrical and palindrome or not. A string is said to be symmetrical if both the halves of the string are the same and a string is said to be a palindrome string if one half of the string is the reverse of the other half or if a string appears same when read forward or backward. b. Write a program to read a string and count the number of vowel letters and print all letters except 'e' and 's'. c. Write a program to read a line of text and remove the initial word from given text. (Hint: Use split() method, Input : India is my country. Output : is my country) d. Write a program to read a string and count how many times each letter appears. (Histogram).	**CO4**
WEEK –VIII	**USER DEFINED FUNCTIONS** a. A generator is a function that produces a sequence of results instead of a single value. Write a generator function for Fibonacci numbers up to n. b. Write a function merge_dict(dict1, dict2) to merge two Python dictionaries. c. Write a fact() function to compute the factorial of a given positive number. d. Given a list of n elements, write a linear_search() function to search a given element x in a list.	**CO5**
WEEK - IX	**BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS** a. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in statistical functions mean(), mode(), median() by importing statistics library. b. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in trignometric functions sin(), cos(), tan(), hypot(), degrees(), radians() by importing math module. c. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in Logarithmic and Power functions exp(), log(), log2(), log10(), pow() by importing math module.	**CO5**

	d. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in numeric functions ceil(), floor(), fabs(), factorial(), gcd() by importing math module.	
WEEK - X	**CLASS AND OBJECTS** a. Write a program to create a BankAccount class. Your class should support the following methods for i) Deposit ii) Withdraw iii) GetBalanace iv) PinChange b. Create a SavingsAccount class that behaves just like a BankAccount, but also has an interest rate and a method that increases the balance by the appropriate amount of interest (Hint:use Inheritance). c. Write a program to create an employee class and store the employee name, id, age, and salary using the constructor. Display the employee details by invoking employee_info() method and also using dictionary (__dict__). d. Access modifiers in Python are used to modify the default scope of variables. Write a program to demonstrate the 3 types of access modifiers: public, private and protected.	**CO6**
WEEK – XI	**MISCELLANEOUS PROGRAMS** a. Write a program to find the maximum and minimum K elements in Tuple using slicing and sorted() method (Input: test_tup = (3, 7, 1, 18, 9), k = 2, Output: (3, 1, 9, 18)) b. Write a program to find the size of a tuple using getsizeof() method from sys module and built-in __sizeof__() method. c. Write a program to check if a substring is present in a given string or not. d. Write a program to find the length of a string using various methods: i. Using len() method ii. Using for loop and in operator iii. Using while loop and slicing	**CO5**
WEEK – XII	**ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS - FILE HANDLING** a. Write a program to read a filename from the user, open the file (say firstFile.txt) and then perform the following operations: i. Count the sentences in the file. ii. Count the words in the file. iii. Count the characters in the file. b. Create a new file (Hello.txt) and copy the text to other file called target.txt. The target.txt file should store only lower case alphabets and display the number of lines copied. c. Write a Python program to store N student's records containing name, roll number and branch. Print the given branch student's details only.	**CO6**