

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	Electrical Ci	Electrical Circuits									
Course Code	A30204	A30204									
Regulation	R15	815									
Course Structure	Lectures	Credits									
Course Structure	4	1	-	4							
Course Coordinator Mr. T. Anil Kumar, Associate Professor											
Team of Instructors	Mr. T. Anil K	umar, Associate Profes	ssor								

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course deals with fundamentals of electrical circuit analysis—basic parameters like resistor, inductor and capacitor, formation of circuit and network, nature of sources to feed the networks, different network reduction techniques to study behavior of networks, single phase AC circuits and their analysis and network theorems for reducing complexity of networks and for easy simplifications.

II. PREREQUISITES:

Level	Credits	Periods	Prerequisite
UG	4	4	Knowledge of basic mathematics and physics is required

III. COURSE ASSESSMENT METHODS:

a) Marks distribution:

Session Marks	University End Exam Marks	Total Marks
There shall be two mid tem examinations. Each mid term exam consists of subjective type and objective type test.	75	100
The subjective test is for 10 marks, with duration of 1 hour. Subjective test of each semester shall contain four questions; the student has to answer two out of them. Each carrying 5 marks The objective test paper Is prepared by JNTUH, which consists of 20 questions each carrying 0.5 marks and total of 10 marks.		
The student is assessed by giving two assignments, one, after completion of 1 to 2 $1/2$ units and the second, after the completion of 2 $1/2$ to 5 units each carrying 5 marks. On the total the internal marks are 25. The average of two internal tests is the final internal marks.		
The external question paper is set by JNTUH consisting of part –A and part-B. Where part consists of short answer questions carrying total marks of 25 and part part-B consists of 5 essay type questions consists of internal choice each carrying 10 marks and the total of 50. The total external marks are 75.		

IV. EVALUATION SCHEME:

S. No	Component	Duration	Marks
1	I Mid Examination	90 minutes	20
2	I Assignment		05
3	II Mid Examination	90 minutes	20
4	II Assignment		05
5	External Examination	3 hours	75

V. COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- i. To attain the knowledge of basic parameters, formation of circuit and network.
- ii. To attain the knowledge of different network reduction techniques.
- iii. To attain the knowledge of single phase AC circuits and their behavior.
- iv. To attain the knowledge of locus diagram, electrical resonance and behavior of circuit under resonance.
- v. To attain the knowledge of magnetic circuits, its representation and importance in electrical engineering.
- vi. To attain the knowledge of network topology and its application to electrical circuits
- vii. To attain the knowledge of network theorems to analyze the complex networks.

VI. COURSE OUTCOMES:

- i. Attains the knowledge of basic definitions and basic electrical parameters.
- ii. Attains the knowledge of nature of supply and types of supply.
- iii. Can form the circuit and network with basic parameters.
- iv. Able to use the necessary network reduction technique for simplifying network.
- v. Understands the concept of AC circuits and their behavior.
- vi. Gets the knowledge of locus diagram, electrical resonance and its importance in electrical engineering
- vii. Can be able to form the magnetic circuit along with its characteristics giving its importance in electrical engineering
- viii. Able to use the graph theory technique to solve the complex networks.
- ix. Able to use the required network theorem to solve the complex networks.

VII. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

S. No	Program Outcomes	Level	Proficiency Assessed By
PO1	Engineering knowledge : Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	Н	Assignments, exercise
PO2	Problem analysis : Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	Н	Excercise
PO3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	Н	Assignments, exercise
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	S	Exercises

PO5	Modern tool usage : Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	N	
PO6	The engineer and society : Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	S	Exercise
PO7	Environment and sustainability : Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	S	Discussion, seminars
PO8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	Ν	
PO9	Individual and team work : Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	Н	Assignments, exercise
PO10	Communication : Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	S	Discussion, assignments, exercise
PO11	Project management and finance : Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	S	Discussions, seminars
PO12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	N	
N= N	one S=Supportive H	=Highly	related

	Program Specific outcomes	Level	Proficiency Assessed By
PSO1	Professional Skills: Able to utilize the knowledge of high voltage engineering in collaboration with power systems in innovative, dynamic and challenging environment, for the research based team work.	Н	Assignments, exercise
PSO2	Problem-Solving Skills: Can explore the scientific theories, ideas, methodologies and the new cutting edge technologies in renewable energy engineering, and use this erudition in their professional development and gain sufficient competence to solve the current and future energy problems universally.	S	Discussion
PSO3	Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: The understanding of technologies like PLC, PMC, process controllers, transducers and HMI one can analyze, design electrical and electronics principles to install, test, maintain power system and applications.	S	Assignments, exercise

VIII. SYLLABUS:

UNIT - I

Single Stage Amplifier Design and Analysis: Circuit concepts, RLC parameters, voltage and current sources, independent and dependent sources, source transformation, voltage-current relations for passive elements, kirchoff's laws, network reduction techniques, nodal analysis, mesh analysis, super nodal and super mesh analysis.

UNIT - II

BJT & FET Frequency Response: RMS, average ,peak and form factor of sinusoidal wave form, steady state analysis of R,L,C in series and parallel combinations with sinusoidal excitation, concept of reactance , impedance, admittance and susceptance, real ,reactive and apparent powers and complex power.

UNIT - III

Multivibrators: Locus diagrams for all series and paralle combinations of RLC parameters, resonance of series and parallel circuits, concept of bandwidth and q factor.

Magnetic circuit, faradays laws of electro-magnetic induction, concept of self and mutual induction, dot convention, co-efficient of coupling, composite magnetic circuit, analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuits.

UNIT - IV

Large Single Amplifiers: Definitions, graph, tree, co-tree, cutest, tie-set, matrices for planar networks, loop and nodal methods for analysis of networks with dependent and independent voltage and current sources, duality and dual networks.

UNIT - V

Switching Charateristics of Device: Network theorems with DC and AC excitations, tellegen's ,compensation, thevenin's, nortan's, milliman's, reciprocity and super-position theorems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electrical circuits A. Chakrabarthy, Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
- 2. Network Analysis NC Jagan and C. Lakshminarayana, BS Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering circuit analysis—William Hayt, Jack E Kemmerly, SM Durbin, Mc GrawHill

IX. **COURSE PLAN:**

The course plan is meant as a guideline. There may be probably be changes.

Lecture No.	Mapping	Learning objectives	Topic To Be Covered	Referenc e						
1	a, b, i, ii	Gets the knowledge of what is voltage, current, power and energy. Introduction, basic definitions, circuit concepts.								
2	a, b, i, ii	Can identify the what is resistance, inductance and capacitance and their V-I characteristics.	R-L-C parameters and their V-I relations	T1T2						
3	a, b, i, ii	Gets the knowledge of different elements in power systems and sources to drive the network.	Types of elements, types of sources	T1T2						
4	a, b, i, ii	One can understand the behavior of RLC for different input signals.	V-I relations for RLC parameters for different input signals.	T1T2						
5	a, b, iii, iv	One can understand application of kirchoff's laws for electrical networks.	erstand application of Kirchoff's voltage and current law in detail.							
6	a, b, iii ,iv	One can arrange the RLC parameters in series and parallel combinations to form electrical network.	formation of series and parallel circuits and their simplifying the circuits for different results.	T1T2						
7	a, b, iii ,iv	Can easily determine the solution for the network using these techniques.	Source transformation and star-delta transformation.	T1T2						
8	a, b, iii, iv	Can solve the electrical networks Mesh and super mesh analysis using mesh analysis to determine current, voltage and power in each and every element and of the network.								
9	a, b, iii, iv	Can solve the electrical networks using nodal analysis to determine current, voltage and power in each and every element and of the network.	Nodal and super nodal analysis	T1T2						

10	a, b, iii,	Can solve the different types of	Exercise problems	T1T2
	iv	power systems networks using above		
		reduction techniques.		
11	a, b, iii,		Exercise problems	T1T2
	iv			
12	a, b, iii,		Exercise problems	T1T2
10	1V	-	T 11	T 1 T 2
13	a, b, 111,		Exercise problems	1112
14	IV O. V	One can get the knowledge of	Introduction to alternating quantity	T1T2
14	C, V	representing alternating quantity with	using sinusodial	1112
		sine wave	using sinusoural	
15	C V	Able to determine the characteristics	Definitions related to sine wave	T1T2
10	0, 1	of sine wave	Definitions folated to since wave.	1112
166	c, v	Behavior of series circuits with sine	Steady state response of RLC	T1T2
	,	input can be understand.	parameters with sinusoidal input for	
		1	series circuits	
17	c,v c, v	Behavior of parallel circuits with sine	Steady state response of RLC	T1T2
		input can be understand.	parameters with sinusoidal input for	
		-	parallel circuits	
18	c, v	Can determine the impedance offered	Concept of reactance and impedance.	T1T2
		by RLC parameters.		
19	c, v	Can determine the admittance offered	Concept of admittance and	T1T2
		by RLC parameters.	susceptance.	
20	c, v	Power absorbed in Ac circuits can be	Active, reactive and apparent powers	T1T2
		determined.	in AC circuits and then power triangle	
21	c, v	Can be able to Represent Ac circuit	Complex power	TTT2
		in terms of complex power.	Energies anglieres	T1T2
22	C, V	different AC aircuits that some	Exercise problems	1112 T1T2
23	C, V	across in power systems (finding	Exercise problems	T1T2
24	C, V	alternating current alternating	Exercise problems	T1T2
25	C, V	voltage, complex power)	Exercise problems	T1T2 T1T2
20	C, V	(oninge, comprent power)	Exercise problems	T1T2 T1T2
27	d vi	One can represent electrical circuit in	Introduction to locus diagram	T1T2 T1T2
20	u, vi	the form of locus diagram.	introduction to rocus diagram.	1112
29	d. vi	One can study behavior of series	Locus diagram of series circuits	T1T2
30	d, vi	RLC circuits in the form of locus	Locus diagram of series circuits	T1T2
	,	diagram	C	
31	d, vi	One can study behavior of parallel	Locus diagram of parallel circuits	T1T2
32	d, vi	RLC circuits in the form of locus	Locus diagram of parallel circuits	T1T2
		diagram		
33	d, vi	One can understand what is electrical	Resonance, series resonance	T1T2
		resonance and		
- 24	1 .	How it is usefull in electrical wold	D 11.1	T 1T2
34	d, v1	One can understand what is electrical	Parallel resonance	1112
		How it is usefull in cleatrical wold		
35	d vi	Can determine the behavior of power	Evergise problems	T1T2
35		systems networks using locus	Exercise problems	T1T2
30	d vi	diagram.	Exercise problems	T1T2
38	e vii	Gets the basic formation of magnetic	Magnetic circuits introduction	T1T2
50	~, , 11	circuit.	inghout encarts introduction	
39	e, vii	Can write the faradays laws and their	Faradays laws, self inductance and	T1T2
	.,	usage to write self and mutual	mutual inductance	
		inductance		
40	e, vii	Able to represent the total emf	Dot convention	T1T2
		induced in coil using dot convention		
41	e, vii	Can decide the amount of mutual	Co-efficient of coupling	T1T2
		flux linkage between two coils		

42	e, vii	Behavior of different types magnetic	Composite magnetic circuits	T1T2
12		Can determine the hehevior of	Eveneice moblems	T1T 2
43	e, vii	call determine the behavior of	Exercise problems	1112
44	f viii	Fundamentals of network topology	Definitions of network topology	T1T2
44	1, VIII	can be understand	Demittions of network topolgy	1112
45	f viii	One can form incident matrix from	Basic incident matrix	T1T2
75	1, 111	which characteristics of electrical	Dusie merdent matrix	1112
		circuits can be studied		
46	f. viii	One can form incident matrix from	Formation of tie-set matrix	T1T2
	-,	which current flowing through each		
		element can be determined		
47	f, viii	One can form incident matrix from	Formation of cut-set matrix	T1T2
		which voltage across each element		
		can be determined		
48	f, viii	Importance of these matrices can be	Applications of above matrix	T1T2
		known		
49	f, viii	Can transform complex network into	Introduction to dual and duality	T1T2
		simple network without changing		
50	c	results		T 1 T 2
50	I, V111	Able to graw the dual network.	Procedure to form dual network for	1112
51	f viii	Can form the matrices representing	Exercise problems	T1T7
52	f viii	behavior of network and their by can	Exercise problems	T1T2
53	f viii	go coding for complex networks	Exercise problems	T1T2 T1T2
54	f viii	go county for complex networks.	Exercise problems	T1T2 T1T2
55	a iv	One can simply design analyze any	Tellegen's theorem	T1T2 T1T2
56	σ ix	complex networks using given	The venin's theorem	T1T2 T1T2
57	g ix	theorems	Nortan's theorem	T1T2
58	g, ix		Superposition theorem	T1T2
59	g, ix	•	Reciprocity theorem	T1T2
60	g, ix	•	Compensation theorem	T1T2
61	g, ix		Milliman's theorem	T1T2
62	g, ix	One can simply, design, analyze any	Exercise problems	T1T2
63	g, ix	complex networks using given	Exercise problems	T1T2
64	g, ix	theorems	Exercise problems	T1T2
65	g, ix		Exercise problems	T1T2
66	g, ix		Exercise problems	T1T2
67	g, ix]	Exercise problems	T1T2
68	g, ix		Exercise problems	T1T2
69	***	Previou	us papers discussion	

X. MAPPING COURSE OBJECTIVES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Course Objectives		Program Outcomes													Program Specific Outcomes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3		
а	h	h	s										х	х			
b	h	s	s	h									х	x			
с	s	s	h						s				х	х			
d	s	h	h						s				х	х			
e	s	h	h										х	х			
f	h	h	h										х	х			
g	h	h	h										х	х			

S=Supportive

H=Highly related

XI. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Course Objecti	Program Outcomes													Program Specific Outcomes		
ves	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
Ι	Н		Н										X	X		
II	S		Н										X	X		
III	S	Н	Н										X	X		
IV	Н	Н	S										X	Х		
V	S	S	Н						S				X	X		
vi	S	Н	Н						S				X	Х		
vii	S	Н	Н										X	X		
viii	Н	Н	Н										X	X		
ix	Н	Н	Н										X	X		
			S=S	Suppor	tive			H=	Highly	related						

Prepared by: Mr. T. Anil Kumar, Associate Professor

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