# SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

IV Semester: ECE										
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week Cred			Credits	Maximum Marks				
AECB14	Core	L	Т	Р	С	CIA	SEE	Total		
		3	-	-	3	30	70	100		
Contact Classes: 45	Tutorial Classes: Nil	Practical Classes: Nil			es: Nil	Total Classes: 45				

### I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course integrates the basic concepts of both continuous and discrete time signals and systems. It covers the linear time invariant systems and their analysis in time and frequency domain, mathe- matical tools, correlation and convolution of signals, sampling techniques. It provides the necessary background needed for understanding the signal processing and communications.

## **II. OBJECTIVES:**

### The course should enable the students to:

- I The representation, classification and analysis of continuous, discrete time signals in time and frequency domains.
- II The Fourier transform, Laplace and Z- transforms and their properties to analyze the signals and systems
- III The temporal and spectral characteristics of Random process and the extraction of Signal from noise by filtering.
- IV The sampling, quantization and reconstruction requirements for digital signalprocessing applications

### **III. COURSE OUTCOMES:**

### After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- CO 1 **Describe** the concept of signals and signal properties for performing mathematical Understand operations on signals.
- CO 2 Make use of Fourier series and Fourier transforms for calculating spectral Apply characteristics of periodic and periodic signals.
- CO 3 Utilize the concept of convolution and correlation to determine theresponse of an LTI Apply system.
- CO 4 **Classify** the ideal lowpass, high pass, band pass, ban stop filters forobtaining the behavior` Remember of linear time invariant system.
- CO 5 Apply the Laplace and Z-transforms. for analyzing the frequency domain Apply representation of continuous and discrete time signals and systems respectively
- CO 6 **Demonstrate** the procedure for sampling and reconstruction of band limited signals by Understand using various sampling techniques.

# IV. SYLLABUS:

MODULE - I	SIGNAL ANALYSIS	Classes: 08
Analogy between	Vectors and Signals, Orthogonal Signal Space, Signal approximation using Orthogonal	onal functions,

Mean Square Error, Closed or complete set of Orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in Complex functions, Classification of Signals and systems, Exponential and Sinusoidal signals, Concepts of Impulse function, Unit Step function, Signum function.

## MODULE - II FOURIER SERIES

Classes: 10

Representation of Fourier series, Continuous time periodic signals, Properties of Fourier Series, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier Series and Exponential Fourier Series, Complex Fourier spectrum.

#### Fourier Transforms:

Deriving Fourier Transform from Fourier series, Fourier Transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier Transform of standard signals, Fourier Transform of Periodic Signals, Properties of Fourier Transform, Fourier Transforms involving Impulse function and Signum function, Introduction to Hilbert Transforms.

MODULE - III SIGNAL TRANSMISSION THROUGH LINEAR SYSTEMS

Classes: 10

Linear System, Impulse response, Response of a Linear System, Linear Time Invariant(LTI) System, Linear Time Variant (LTV) System, Transfer function of a LTI System, Filter characteristic of Linear System, Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, System Bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF, and BPF characteristics.

Causality and Paley-Wiener criterion for physical realization, Relationship between Bandwidth and rise time, Convolution and Correlation of Signals, Concept of convolution in Time domain and Frequency domain, Graphical representation of Convolution.

Classes: 08

### Laplace Transforms

Laplace Transforms (L.T), Inverse Laplace Transform, Concept of Region of Convergence (ROC) for Laplace Transforms, Properties of L.T, Relation between L.T and F.T of a signal, Laplace Transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis. **Z**–**Transforms** Concept of Z- Transform of a Discrete Sequence, Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z Transforms, Region of Convergence in Z-Transform, Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z-transform, Properties of Z-transforms.

MODULE - V SAMPLING THEOREM

Classes: 09

Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, Impulse Sampling, Natural and Flat top Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, Effect of under sampling – Aliasing, Introduction to Band Pass Sampling. **Correlation:** Cross Correlation and Auto Correlation of Functions, Properties of Correlation Functions, Energy Density Spectrum, Parsevals Theorem, Power Density Spectrum, Relation between Autocorrelation Function and Energy/Power Spectral Density Function, Relation between Convolution and Correlation, Detection of Periodic Signals in the presence of Noise by Correlation, Extraction of Signal from Noise by Filtering.

**Text Books:** 

- 1. B.P. Lathi, "Signals, Systems & Communications", BSP, 2013.
- 2. Signals and Systems A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawabi, 2 Edition 2010.

**Reference Books:** 

- 1. Simon Haykin and Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", Wiley Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 2. Fundamentals of Signals and Systems Michel J. Robert, 2008, MGH International Edition.

### Web References:

- 1. https://www.edx.org/course/discrete-time-signal-processing-mitx-6-341x-1
- 2. https://www.mooc-list.com/course/digital-signal-processing-coursera

### E-Text Books:

- 1. http://onlinevideolecture.com/ebooks
- 2. http://www.freebookcentre.net/SpecialCat/Free-Signal-Processing-Boo